

COLGATE UNIVERSITY

DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS

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or by appointment

Economics 482
Seminar in American Economic History
Spring, 2013
Revised: 1/21/13

SEMINAR IN AMERICAN ECONOMIC HISTORY

This course will be organized around a variety of topics in economic history, such as demography, labor, the Great Depression and New Deal, institutions, slavery, banking and finance, agriculture, manufacturing, trade, transportation, communications, commerce. Other topics are possible with permission. The requirements of the course will include a substantial research project (50% of final grade), a class presentation (40% of final grade), and class participation (10% of final grade). The project will be on a subject of your choice but related to the topics of the course. The project will be chosen in consultation with the instructor. The expectation is that the project will be statistically oriented, using a data set provided by the instructor or collected by the student. Exceptions are possible with the permission of the instructor. The project will be due during the last class of the course. The project is to be prepared in accordance with a style sheet and guidelines handed out in class. The instructor reserves the right to reject any project not prepared in accordance with the style sheet. Failure to complete any part of the assigned work will result in an automatic grade of "F". The classes will meet on Monday, 7-9:30 PM in Persson Room 226 and Tuesday 7-9:30 PM in Persson Room 210. Regular seminar attendance is required. Attendance will be taken. There will be no unexcused absences. Unexcused absences will be penalized by one third of a grade for each instance. The instructor reserves the right to schedule a final examination in the event that he deems it necessary. In that case the final grade will be based on the following weights: project (35%), final examination (25%), class presentation (35%), class participation (10%). Colgate University has specific policies with respect to academic integrity (i.e., cheating, plagiarism, misrepresentation of work, etc.). This class will be conducted in a manner consistent with those university policies and the Colgate University Honor Code. The policies are described in detail in the Student Handbook.

There is no set of required texts. For background reading, however, I will require you to consult the textbooks for Economics 415: Gary M. Walton and Hugh Rockoff, History of the American Economy, tenth ed. (New York: The Dryden Press, 2005); and Jeremy Atack and Peter Passell, An New Economic View of American History from Colonial Times to 1940, second ed. (New York: W.W. Norton, 1994).

Several basic works are suggested: Stanley L. Engerman and Robert E. Gallman, eds., The Cambridge Economic History of the United States, Vol. I "The Colonial Era" (NY: Cambridge University Press, 1996). Vol. II "The Long Nineteenth Century" (NY: Cambridge University Press, 2000). Vol. III "The Twentieth Century" (NY: Cambridge University Press, 2000). Michael R. Haines and Richard H. Steckel, eds., A Population History of North America (NY: Cambridge University Press, 2000). Joel Mokyr, editor in Chief, The Oxford Encyclopedia of Economic History, five volumes (NY: Oxford University Press, 2003).

The bibliography listed below is only suggested. You should research the topic

yourself. The bibliographies at the end of the relevant chapters of our two text books provide excellent starting points. Use the reference style in the course style guide. It is expected the bibliography used for the presentation will be presented.

I. MONEY, BANKING, INVESTMENT, AND FINANCIAL MARKETS.

(1) WORKS OF GENERAL IMPORTANCE. Milton Friedman and Anna J. Schwartz, *A Monetary History of the United States 1869 to 1960* (Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1963). Paul Studenski and Herman Krooss, *Financial History of the United States* (NY: McGraw-Hill, 1952). Milton Friedman, *Money Mischief: Episodes in Monetary History* (NY: Harcourt Brace Jovanovich, 1992). Paul B. Trescott, *Financing American Enterprise: The Story of Commercial Banking* (NY: Harper & Row, 1963). Charles P. Kindleberger, *Manias, Panics, and Crashes* (NY: Basic Books, 1978). Fritz Redlich, *The Molding of American Banking: Men and Ideas* (NY: Hafner, 1947 and 1951). 2 vols. Davis R. Dewey, *Financial History of the United States* (NY: Longmans, Green, 1934).

Lance Davis, et al, *American Economic Growth: An Economist's History of the United States* (NY: Harper & Row, 1972), ch. 8 "Capital and Growth", Ch. 9 "Savings Sources and Utilization", and ch. 10 "Banks and their Economic Effects."

Hugh Rockoff, "Banking and Finance, 1789-1914," in Stanley L. Engerman and Robert E. Gallman, eds., *The Cambridge Economic History of the United States*, Vol. II, "The Long Nineteenth Century" (NY: Cambridge University Press, 2000), pp. 643-684. Lance Davis and Robert J. Cull, "International Capital Movements, Domestic Capital Markets, and American Economic Growth, 1820-1914," in Stanley L. Engerman and Robert E. Gallman, eds., *The Cambridge Economic History of the United States*, Vol. II, "The Long Nineteenth Century" (NY: Cambridge University Press, 2000), pp. 733-812. Eugene N. White, "Banking and Finance in the Twentieth Century," in Stanley L. Engerman and Robert E. Gallman, eds., *The Cambridge Economic History of the United States*, Vol. III, "The Twentieth Century" (NY: Cambridge University Press, 2000), pp. 743-802. Barry Eichengreen, "U.S. Foreign Financial Relations in the Twentieth Century," in Stanley L. Engerman and Robert E. Gallman, eds., *The Cambridge Economic History of the United States*, Vol. III, "The Twentieth Century" (NY: Cambridge University Press, 2000), pp. 463-504.

(2) THE COLONIAL ERA & THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION. Readings: WR, ch. 4.

Suggested reading: John J. McCusker and Russell R. Menard, *The Economy of British America, 1607-1789* (Chapel Hill, NC: University of North Carolina Press), 1985, ch. 16. Edwin J. Perkins, *The Economy of Colonial America*, 2nd edition (NY: Columbia University Press, 1988). Gary M. Walton and James F. Shepherd, *The Economic Rise of Early America* (NY: Cambridge University Press, 1979).

Leslie Brock, *The Currency System of the American Colonies, 1700-1764* (NY: Arno Press). M.L. Bernstein, "Colonial and Contemporary Monetary Theory," *Explorations in Entrepreneurial History*, Vol. 3, No. 3, 2nd Series (Spring, 1966). John J. McCusker, *Money and Exchange in Europe and America, 1600-1775* (Chapel Hill, NC: University of North Carolina Press, 1978). Joseph Ernst, *Money and Politics in America, 1755-1775* (Chapel Hill, NC: University of North Carolina Press, 1978). Jack P. Greene and Richard M. Jellison, "The Currency Act of 1764 in Imperial-Colonial Relations, 1764-1776," *William and Mary Quarterly*, Vol. 18, No. 4, 2nd Series (October, 1961). John R. Hanson, "Money in the Colonial American Economy: An Extension," *Economic Inquiry*

(1979), pp. 281-286. John R. Hanson, "Small Notes in the American Economy," *Explorations in Economic History*, Vol. 21 (1984), pp. 411-420. Richard A. Lester, "Currency Issues to Overcome Depressions in Pennsylvania, 1723 and 1729," *Journal of Political Economy*, Vol. 71 (1963), pp. 324-375. B. McCallum, "Money and Prices in Colonial America: A New Test of Competing Theories," *Journal of Political Economy*, Vol. ** (February, 1992), pp. John J. McCusker, *Monetary Experiments: Early American and Recent Scandinavian* (Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 19**). Curtis C. Nettels, "British Policy and Colonial Money Supply," *Economic History Review*, Vol. 3 (1931). Curtis C. Nettels, *The Money Supply of the American Colonies before 1720* (Madison, WI: University of Wisconsin Press, 1934). Jacob Price, *Capital and Credit in British Overseas Trade: The View from the Chesapeake, 1700-1776* (Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 1980). Bruce Smith, "Some Colonial Evidence on Two Theories of Money," *Journal of Political Economy*, Vol. 93 (1985), pp. 1178-1211. Bruce Smith, "American Colonial Monetary Regimes: The Failure of the Quantity Theory and Some Evidence in Favor of an Alternate View," *Canadian Journal of Economics*, Vol. 18 (1985), pp. 531-565. Roger Weiss, "The Colonial Monetary Standards of Massachusetts," *Economic History Review*, Vol. 27, No. 4, 2nd Series (November, 1974). Roger Weiss, "The Issue of Paper Money in the American Colonies," *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 30 (1970), pp. 770-785. Elmus Wicker, "Colonial Monetary Standards Contrasted: Evidence from the Seven Years War," *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 45 (1985), pp. 860-884. R. C. West, "Money in the Colonial American Economy," *Economic Inquiry*, Vol. XVI (1978), pp. 1-15.

(3) THE NATIONAL PERIOD: 1783-1917. UNIFICATION, CURRENCY, THE MONETARY STANDARD. Readings: WR, chs. 12 & 19. AP, ch. 4 & 18.

(a) BANKING & DEVELOPMENT. Peter Temin, *The Jacksonian Economy* (NY: Norton, 1969). Howard Bodenhorn, *A History of Banking in Antebellum America: Financial Markets and Economic Development in an Era of Nation Building* (NY: Cambridge University Press, 2000). Hugh T. Rockoff, "Varieties of Banking and Regional Economic Development in the United States, 1840-1860," *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 35 (1975), pp. 160-181. Donald R. Adams, "The Role of Banks in the Economic Development of the Old Northwest," in David C. Klingaman and Richard K. Vedder, eds., *Essays in Nineteenth Century Economic History: The Old Northwest* (Athens, OH: Ohio University Press, 1975). J.E. Tanner and B. Bonomo, "Gold, Capital Flows, and Long Swings in American Business Activity," *Journal of Political Economy*, Vol. 76 (January/February, 1968). Jeffrey G. Williamson, *Financial Intermediation, Capital Immobilities and Economic Growth in Late Nineteenth Century American Development: A General Equilibrium History* (Cambridge, Eng.: Cambridge University Press, 1974).

Michael Bordo and Anna J. Schwartz, "Money and Prices in the Nineteenth Century: An Old Debate Rejoined," *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 40 (1980), pp. 61-67. Richard Sylla, "American Banking and Growth in the 19th Century: A Partial View of the Terrain," *Explorations in Economic History*, Vol. 9 (1971-72), pp. 197-227.

(b) CENTRAL BANKING AND MONETARY POLICY. Richard C. Timberlake, Jr., *The Origins of Central Banking in the United States* (Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 1978). Richard C. Timberlake, Jr., *Monetary Policy in the United States: An Intellectual and Institutional History* (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1993).

(c) COMMERCIAL BANKING AND THE FIRST AND SECOND BANKS OF THE UNITED STATES. Richard C. Timberlake, Jr., *The Origins of Central Banking in the United States* (Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 1978). Richard C. Timberlake, Jr., *Monetary Policy in the United States: An Intellectual and Institutional History* (Chicago:

University of Chicago Press, 1993), chs. 1-4. Ralph Catterall, *The Second Bank of the United States*. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1902. Stanley Engerman, "A Note on the Economic Consequence of the Second Bank of the United States," *Journal of Political Economy*, Vol. 78 (1970), pp. 725-728. Peter Temin, *The Jacksonian Economy* (NY: Norton, 1969). Bray Hammond, *Banks and Politics in America from the Revolution to the Civil War* (Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1954). Arthur Fraas, "The Second Bank of the United States: An Instrument for an Interregional Monetary Union," *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 34 (1974), pp. 447-467. J. van Fenstermaker, *The Development of American Commercial Banking, 1782-1837* (Kent, OH: Kent State University Press, 1965). J. van Fenstermaker, "The Statistics of American Commercial Banking, 1782-1818," *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 25 (1965), pp. 400-413. Richard Sylla, "Early American Banking: The Significance of the Corporate Form," *Business and Economic History*, Vol. 14 (1985), pp. 105-123. Richard Sylla, "U.S. Securities Markets and the Banking System, 1790-1840," *Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis Review*, Vol. 80, No. 3 (May/June, 1998), pp. 83-98. Howard Bodenhorn and Hugh Rockoff, "Regional Interest Rates in Antebellum America," in Claudia Goldin and Hugh Rockoff, eds., *Strategic Factors in Nineteenth Century American Economic History* (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1992), pp. 159-187.

(d) BIMETALLISM. A. Barton Hepburn, *History of Currency in the United States* (NY: Macmillan, 1915). David A. Martin, "Bimetallism in the U.S. before 1850," *Journal of Political Economy*, Vol. ** (1968), pp. ***. David A. Martin, "The Changing Role of Foreign Money in the United States, 1782-1857," *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 37 (1977), pp. 1009-1027. David A. Martin, "1853: The End of Bimetallism in the United States," *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 33 (1973), pp. 825-844. David A. Martin, "Metallism, Small Notes and Jackson's War with the B.U.S.," *Explorations in Economic History*, Vol. 11 (Spring, 1974), pp. 227-248.

(e) THE BANK WAR. Peter Temin, *The Jacksonian Economy* (NY: Norton, 1969). Peter Temin, "The Economic Consequences of the Bank War," *Journal of Political Economy*, Vol. 70 (March/April, 1968), pp. 257-274. Robert Remini, *Andrew Jackson and the Bank War* (NY: W.W. Norton, 1967). Bray Hammond, *Banks and Politics in America from the Revolution to the Civil War* (Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1954). George Rogers Taylor, ed., *Jackson and Biddle: The Struggle Over the Second Bank of the United States* (Boston: D.C. Heath, 1949). Richard C. Timberlake, Jr., "The Specie Standard and Central Banking in the United States before 1860," *Journal of Political Economy* (July, 1968). Richard C. Timberlake, Jr., *Monetary Policy in the United States: An Intellectual and Institutional History* (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1993), ch. 4. Harry N. Scheiber, "The Pet Banks in Jacksonian Politics and Finance, 1833-1841," *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 33 (1963), pp. 196-214. Stanley Engerman, "A Note on the Economic Consequence of the Second Bank of the United States," *Journal of Political Economy*, Vol. 78 (1970), pp. 725-728. Marie Shushka, "The Antebellum Money Market and the Economic Impact of the Bank War," *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 36 (1976), pp. 809-835.

(f) THE ERA OF FREE BANKING. Bray Hammond, *Banks and Politics in America from the Revolution to the Civil War* (Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1954). Richard C. Timberlake, Jr., *Monetary Policy in the United States: An Intellectual and Institutional History* (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1993), chs. 4-5. Hugh T. Rockoff, *The Free Banking Era: A Reexamination* (NY: Arno Press, 1975). Hugh T. Rockoff, "Money, Prices and Banks in the Jacksonian Era," in Robert W. Fogel and Stanley Engerman, eds., *The Reinterpretation of American Economic History* (NY: Harper and Row, 1971), ch. 33. Hugh T. Rockoff, "The Free Banking Era: A Reexamination," *Journal of Money, Credit and Banking*, No. 6 (1974), pp. 141-167. Hugh T. Rockoff,

"Varieties of Banking and Regional Economic Development in the United States, 1840-1860," *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 35 (1975), pp. 160-181. Arthur J. Rolnick and Warren E. Weber, "New Evidence on the Free Banking Era," *American Economic Review*, Vol. 73 (1983), pp. 1080-1091. Arthur J. Rolnick and Warren E. Weber, "The Causes of Free Bank Failure: A Detailed Examination of the Evidence," *Journal of Monetary Economics*, Vol. 14 (1984), pp. 267-291. Arthur J. Rolnick and Warren E. Weber, "Explaining the Demand for Free Bank Notes," *Journal of Monetary Economics*, Vol. 21 (1988), pp. 47-71. Kenneth Ng, "Free Banking Laws and Barriers to Entry in Banking: 1838-1860," *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 48 (1988), pp. 877-889. James A. Kahn, "Another Look at Free Banking in the United States," *American Economic Review*, Vol. 75 (1985), pp. 881-885. George Macesich, "Sources of Monetary Disturbances in the U.S., 1834-1845," *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 20 (1960), pp. 407-434. John Wallis, "What Caused the Crises of 1839?" National Bureau of Economic Research, Working Papers on Historical Factors in Long Run Growth, Historical Paper No. 133 (April, 2001).

(g) REGIONAL BANKING. STATE PROGRAMS AND POLICIES. Irene D. Neu, "Edmund Jean Forstall and Louisiana Banking," *Explorations in Economic History*, Vol. 7 (Summer, 1970), pp. 383-398. George D. Green, "The Louisiana Bank Act of 1842: Policy Making During Financial Crisis," *Explorations in Economic History*, Vol. 7 (Summer, 1970), pp. 399-412. Arthur J. Rolnick, Bruce D. Smith, and Warren E. Weber, "Lessons from a Laissez-Faire Payments System: The Suffolk Banking System (1825-1858)," *Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis Review*, Vol. 80, No. 3 (May/June, 1998), pp. 105-116. Arthur J. Rolnick, Bruce D. Smith, and Warren E. Weber, "The Suffolk Bank and the Panic of 1837," *Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis Quarterly Review*, (Spring, 2000), pp. 3-13.

Naomi Lamoreaux, *Insider Lending: Banks, Personal Connections, and Economic Development in Industrial New England* (NY: Cambridge University Press, 1994). Naomi Lamoreaux, "Banks, Kinship, and Economic Development," *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 46 (1986), pp. 647-668. Winifred Rothenberg, "The Market and Massachusetts Farmers, 1750-1855," *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 41 (1981), pp. 283-314.

(h) PUBLIC FINANCE AND THE NATIONAL DEBT. John Steele Gordon, *Hamilton's Blessing: The Extraordinary Life and times of Our National Debt* (NY: Penguin Putnam, 1997). George Rogers Taylor, ed., *Hamilton and the National Debt* (Boston: D.C. Heath, 1950). John A. James, "Public Debt Management Policy and Nineteenth-Century American Economic Growth," *Explorations in Economic History*, Vol. 21 (1984), pp. 192-217.

(i) INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS AND THE UNITED STATES. Lance E. Davis and Robert J. Cull, *International Capital Markets and American Economic growth, 1820-1914* (NY: Cambridge University Press, 1994). Thomas D. Willett, "International Specie Flows and American Monetary Stability," *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 28 (1968), pp. 28-50. Mira Wilkins, *The History of Foreign Investment in the United States to 1914* (Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 1989).

(j) CASE STUDIES. Harold van B. Cleveland and Thomas F. Huertas, *Citibank, 1812-1970* (Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 1985). Alan L. Olmstead, *New York City Mutual Savings Banks, 1819-1861* (Chapel Hill, NC: University of North Carolina Press, 1976). Donald R. Adams, Jr., *Finance and Enterprise in Early America: A Study of Stephen Girard's Bank, 1812-1831* (Philadelphia: University of Pennsylvania Press, 1978).

(k) THE CIVIL WAR, GREENBACKS, RESUMPTION & DEFLATION. Milton Friedman and Anna J. Schwartz, *A Monetary History of the United States 1869 to 1960* (Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1963), ch. 2. Richard C. Timberlake, Jr., *Monetary Policy*

in the United States: An Intellectual and Institutional History (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1993), chs.7-12. Bray Hammond, *Sovereignty and an Empty Purse: Banks and Politics in the Civil War* (Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1970). Irwin Unger, *The Greenback Era: A Social and Political History of American Finance, 1865-1879* (Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1964). Wesley C. Mitchell, *Gold, Prices, and Wages under the Greenback Standard* (Berkeley, CA: University of California Press, 1908). James K. Kindahl, "Economic Factors in Specie Resumption," in Robert W. Fogel and Stanley Engerman, eds., *The Reinterpretation of American Economic History* (NY: Harper and Row, 1971), ch. 35. Eugene M. Lerner, "Inflation in the Confederacy, 1861-1865," in Milton Friedman, ed., *Studies in the Quantity Theory of Money* (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1956), pp. 163-178.

Lawrence Officer, "The Floating Dollar in the Greenback Period: A Test of Two Theories of Exchange Rate Determination," *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 41 (1981), pp. 629-650. Milton Friedman, "The Crime of 1873," *Journal of Political Economy*, Vol. 96 (1990), pp. 1159-1194. Charles Calomiris, "Greenback Resumption and Silver Risk: the Economics and Politics of Monetary Regime Change in the United States, 1862-1900," in Michael D. Bordo and Forrest Capie, eds., *Monetary Regimes in Transition* (NY: Cambridge University Press, 1994), pp. 86-132. Charles Calomiris, "Price and Exchange Rate Determination during the Greenback Suspension," *Oxford Economic Papers*, Vol. 40 (1988), pp. 719-750. Larry T. Wimmer, "The Gold Crisis of 1869: Stabilizing or Destabilizing Speculation Under Floating Exchange Rates?" *Explorations in Economic History*, Vol. 12 (1975), pp. 105-122. L. Drake, "Reconstruction of a Bimetallic Price Level," *Explorations in Economic History*, Vol. 22 (1985), pp. 194-219.

(1) THE ERA OF THE NATIONAL BANKING SYSTEM & THE AGITATION FOR MONETARY REFORM. Milton Friedman, *Money Mischief: Episodes in Monetary History* (NY: Harcourt Brace Jovanovich, 1992), chs. 3-5. Milton Friedman and Anna J. Schwartz, *A Monetary History of the United States 1869 to 1960* (Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1963), chs. 2-4. Richard C. Timberlake, Jr., *Monetary Policy in the United States: An Intellectual and Institutional History* (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1993), chs. 7-14. Philip Cagan, "The First Fifty Years of the National Banking System: An Historical Appraisal," in Deane Carson, ed., *Banking and Monetary Studies* (Homewood, IL: Irwin, 1963). Hugh T. Rockoff, "The Wizard of OZ as Monetary Allegory," *Journal of Political Economy*, Vol. 98 (1990), pp. 739-760.

Richard Sylla, "Federal Policy, Banking Market Structure, and Capital Mobilization in the United States, 1863-1913," *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 29 (1969), pp. 657-686. Eugene N. White, "Were Banks Special Intermediaries in Late Nineteenth Century America?" *Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis Review*, Vol. 80, No. 3 (May/June, 1998), pp. 13-32. Barry Eichengreen, "Mortgage Interest Rates in the Populist Era," *American Economic Review*, Vol. 74 (1984), pp. 995-1015. Gary Gorton, "Clearing Houses and the Origins of Central Banking in the United States," *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 45 (1985), pp. 277-284. John J. Binder and Anthony T. Brown, "Bank Rates of Return and Entry Restrictions, 1869-1914" *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 51 (1991), pp. 47-66. Gretchen Ritter, *Goldbugs and Greenbacks: The Antimonopoly Tradition and the Politics of Finance in America, 1865-1896* (NY: Cambridge University Press, 1997). Michael D. Bordo, Peter Rappaport, and Anna J. Schwartz, "Money versus Credit Rationing: Evidence for the National Banking Era, 1880-1914," in Claudia Goldin and Hugh Rockoff, eds., *Strategic Factors in Nineteenth Century American Economic History* (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1992), pp. 189-224. George Selgin and Lawrence White, "Monetary Reform and the Redemption of National Bank Notes, 1863-1913," *Business History Review*, Vol. 68, No. 2 (Summer, 1994). Richard S. Grossman, "The Macroeconomic Consequences of Bank Failures under the National Banking System," *Explorations in Economic History*,

(m) THE DEVELOPMENT OF A NATIONAL CAPITAL MARKET. Richard Sylla, *The American Capital Market, 1846-1914* (NY: Arno Press, 1975). Howard Bodenhorn and Hugh Rockoff, "Regional Interest Rates in Antebellum America," in Claudia Goldin and Hugh Rockoff, eds., *Strategic Factors in Nineteenth Century American Economic History* (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1992), pp. 159-187. John A. James, *Money and Capital Markets in Postbellum America* (Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1978). Richard Sylla, "Federal Policy, Banking Market Structure and the National Capital Market, 1863-1913," *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 29 (1969), pp. 657-686. Marie E. Sushka and W. Brian Barrett, "Banking Structure and the National Capital Market, 1869-1914," *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 44 (1984), pp. 463-478. Kenneth Snowden, "Mortgage Rates and American Capital Market Development in the Late Nineteenth Century," *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 47 (1987), pp. 671-692.

Lance E. Davis, "Capital Immobilities and Finance Capitalism: A Study of Economic Evolution in the United States, 1820-1920," *Explorations in Entrepreneurial History*, Vol. 1 (1963), pp. 88-105. Lance E. Davis, "The Investment Market, 1870-1914: The Evolution of a National Market," *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 25 (1965), pp. 355-393. Gene Smiley, "Interest Rate Movements in the United States, 1888-1913," *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 35 (1975), pp. 591-620. Jeffrey G. Williamson, *Financial Intermediation, Capital Immobilities and Economic Growth in Late Nineteenth Century American Development: A General Equilibrium History* (Cambridge, Eng.: Cambridge University Press, 1974). Hugh Rockoff, "Regional Interest Rates and Bank Failures," *Explorations in Economic History*, Vol. 14 (1977), pp. 90-95. Kerry A. Odell, "The Integration of Regional and Interregional Capital Markets: Evidence from the Pacific Coast States, 1883-1913," *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 49 (1989), pp. 297-310. J. Baskin, "The Development of Corporate Financial Markets in Britain and the United States, 1600-1914: Overcoming Asymmetric Information," *Business History Review*, Vol. 62 (1988), pp. 199-237. Hugh Rockoff, "How Long Did It Take the United States to Become an Optimal Currency Area?" National Bureau of Economic Research, Working Papers on Historical Factors in Long Run Growth, Historical Paper No. 124 (April, 2000).

(n) WALL STREET & FINANCIAL MARKETS. Charles R. Geisst, *Wall Street: A History* (NY: Oxford University Press, 1997). Margaret Myers, *The New York Money Market* (NY: Columbia University Press, 1931). Robert Sobel, *The Big Board: A History of the New York Stock Market* (NY: The Free Press, 1969). Kenneth Snowden, "American Stock Market Development and Performance, 1871-1929," *Explorations in Economic History*, Vol. 24 (1987), pp. 327-353. Kenneth Snowden, "Historical Returns and Security Market Development, 1871-1929," *Explorations in Economic History*, Vol. 27 (1990), pp. 381-420. Edward Chancellor, *Devil Take the Hindmost: A History of Financial Speculation* (NY: Plume, 1999).

(o) INVESTMENT BANKING. Vincent P. Carosso, *Investment Banking in America: A History* (Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 1970). Vincent P. Carosso, *The Morgans: Private International Bankers, 1854-1913* (Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 1987). J. Bradford DeLong, "Did J.P. Morgan's Men Add Value? An Historical Perspective on Financial Capitalism," in Peter Temin, ed., *Inside the Business Enterprise* (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1991), pp. 205-236. Matthew Josephson, *The Robber Barons: The Great American Capitalists, 1862-1901* (NY: Harcourt, Brace, & World, 1962). Eugene N. White, "Before the Glass-Steagall Act: An Analysis of the Investment Banking Activities of National Banks," *Explorations in Economic History*, Vol. 23 (1986), pp. 33-53. Charles W. Calomiris and Daniel M.G. Raff, "The Evolution of Market Structure, Information, and Spreads in American

Investment Banking,” in Charles W. Calomiris, *U.S. Bank Deregulation in Historical Perspective* (NY: Cambridge University Press, 2000), ch. 5.

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(q) BANKING REFORM AND THE ORIGINS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM. Eugene N. White, *The Regulation and Reform of the American Banking System, 1900-1929* (Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1983). Eugene N. White, “The Political Economy of Banking Regulation, 1864-1933,” *Journal of Economic History*, Vol. 42 (1982), pp. 33-42. James Livingston, *Origins of the Federal Reserve System: Money, Class, and Corporate Capitalism, 1890-1913* (Ithaca, NY: Cornell University Press, 1986). Robert Craig West, *Banking Reform and the Federal Reserve, 1863-1923* (Ithaca, NY: Cornell University Press, 1977). Charles W. Calomiris, “Regulation, Industrial Structure, and Instability in U.S. Banking: An Historical Perspective,” in Charles W. Calomiris, *U.S. Bank Deregulation in Historical Perspective* (NY: Cambridge University Press, 2000), ch. 1. George Selgin and Lawrence White, “Monetary Reform and the Redemption of National Bank Notes, 1863-1913,” *Business History Review*, Vol. 68, No. 2 (Summer, 1994).

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II. THE GREAT DEPRESSION AND THE NEW DEAL, 1929-1941.

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III. AGRICULTURE, BUSINESS, MANUFACTURING, TRANSPORT, COMMUNICATIONS

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B. THE CENSUS, POPULATION, AND ECONOMIC ACTIVITY.

Suggested reading: Michael R. Haines, "A Brief History of the Population of the United States from Colonial Times to the Present" (September, 2002) (photocopy). Margo J. Anderson, The American Census: A Social History (New Haven, CT: Yale University Press, 1988). Maris A. Vinovskis, ed., Studies in American Historical Demography (NY: Academic Press, 1979). Michael R. Haines and Richard H. Steckel, eds., A Population History of North America (NY: Cambridge University Press, 2001). Herbert Klein, A Population History of the United States (NY: Cambridge University Press, 2004).

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Suggested readings: Roger L. Ransom, Conflict and Compromise: The Political Economy of Slavery, Emancipation and the American Civil War (New York: Cambridge University Press, 1989). Stanley L. Engerman, "Slavery and its Consequences for the South in the Nineteenth Century," in Stanley L. Engerman and Robert E. Gallman, eds., The Cambridge Economic History of the United States, Vol. II "The Long Nineteenth Century" (NY: Cambridge University Press, 2000), pp. 329-366.

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2. FRENCH NORTH AMERICA. Suggested readings: Hubert Charbonneau, Bertrand Desjardins, Jaques Legare, and Hubert Denis, "The Population of the St. Lawrence Valley, 1608-1760," in Michael R. Haines and Richard H. Steckel, eds. A Population History of North America (NY: Cambridge University Press, 2000), pp. 99-142. Hubert Charbonneau, et. al., The First French Canadians: Pioneers in the St. Lawrence Valley (Newark, DE: University of Delaware Press, 1993); Hubert Charbonneau, Vie et mort de nos ancetres: Etude demographique (Montreal: Les Presses de l'Universite de Montreal, 1975).

B. THE UNITED STATES, 1790-1990.

1. THE CENSUS. Suggested readings: Margo J. Anderson, The American Census: A Social History (New Haven, CT: Yale University Press, 1988); Ansley J. Coale and Melvin Zelnik, New Estimates of Fertility and Population in the United States: A Study of Annual White Births from 1855 to 1960 and of Completeness of Enumeration in the Censuses from 1880 to 1960 (Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1963); Gretchen A. Condran and Eileen Crimmins, "A Description and Evaluation of Mortality Data in the Federal Census: 1850-1900," Historical Methods, Vol. 12, No. 1 (Winter, 1979), pp. 1-23.

2. FERTILITY.

(a). 1790-1860. Suggested readings: Yasukichi Yasuba, Birth Rates of the White Population of the United States, 1800-1860: An Economic Analysis (Baltimore: The Johns Hopkins University Press, 1962); Colin Forster and G.S.L. Tucker Economic Opportunity and Whiter American Fertility Ratios, 1800-1860 (New Haven: Yale University Press, 1972); Donald R. Leet, "The Determinants of Fertility Transition in Antebellum Ohio," Journal of Economic History, Vol. 36, No. 2 (June, 1976), pp. 359-378; Richard A. Easterlin, George Alter, and Gretchen Condran, "Farms and Farm Families in Old and New Areas: The Northern States in 1860," in Tamara K. Hareven and Maris A. Vinovskis, eds., Family and Population in Nineteenth-Century America (Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1978), pp. 22-84; Richard A. Easterlin, "Population Change and Farm Settlement in the Northern United States," Journal of Economic History, Vol. 36, No. 1 (March, 1976), pp. 45-75; Maris A. Vinovskis, Fertility in Massachusetts from the Revolution to the Civil War (NY: Academic Press, 1981); Maris A. Vinovskis, "Socioeconomic Determinants of Interstate Fertility Differentials in the United States in 1850 and 1860," The Journal of Interdisciplinary History, Vol. 6, No. 3 (Winter, 1976), pp. 375-396; "Recent Trends in American Historical Demography," in Vinovskis, ed., Studies in American Historical Demography, pp. 11-18; William A. Sundstrom and Paul A. David, "Old-Age Security Motives, Labor Markets, and Farm Family Fertility in Antebellum America," Explorations in Economic History, Vol. 25, No. 2 (April, 1988), pp. 164-197; Richard H. Steckel, "The Fertility Transition in the United States: Tests of Alternative Hypotheses," in Goldin and Rockoff, eds., Strategic Factors in Nineteenth Century American Economic History, pp. 351-375; Jenny Bourne Wahl, "Trading Quantity for Quality: Explaining the Decline in

American Fertility in the Nineteenth Century," in Goldin and Rockoff, Strategic Factors in Nineteenth Century American Economic History, pp. 375-397; Morton Owen Schapiro, Filling Up America: An Economic-Demographic Model of Population Growth and Distribution in the Nineteenth-Century United States (Greenwich, CT: JAI Press, 1986); Jenny Bourne Wahl, "New Results on the Decline in Household Fertility in the United States from 1750 to 1900," in Stanley Engerman and Robert Gallman, eds., Long Term Factors in American Economic Growth (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1986), pp. 391-425; Richard A. Easterlin, "Population Issues in American Economic History: A Survey and Critique," in Robert Gallman, ed., Recent Developments in the Study of Business and Economic History: Essays in Honor of Herman E. Krooss (Greenwich, CT: JAI Press, 1977), pp. 140-146; Warren C. Sanderson, "Quantitative Aspects of Marriage, Fertility and Family Limitation in Nineteenth Century America: Another Application of the Coale Specifications," Demography, Vol. 16, No. 3 (May, 1979), pp. 339-358.

(b). 1860-1940. Suggested readings: Bernard Okun, Trends in Birth Rates in the United States since 1870 (Baltimore: The Johns Hopkins University Press, 1958); Michael R. Haines, "Western Fertility in Mid-Transition: A Comparison of the United States and Selected Nations at the Turn of the Century," Journal of Family History, Vol. 15, No. 1 (March, 1990), pp. 21-46; Avery M. Guest, "Social Structure and U.S. Inter-state Fertility Differentials in 1900," Demography, Vol. 18, No. 4 (November, 1981), pp. 465-486; Stanley Engerman, "Changes in Black Fertility, 1880-1940," in Tamara K. Hareven and Maris A. Vinovskis, eds., Family and Population in Nineteenth-Century America, pp. 126-153; Tamara K. Hareven and Maris A. Vinovskis, "Marital Fertility, Ethnicity, and Occupation in Urban Families: An Analysis of South Boston and the South End in 1880," Journal of Social History, Vol 8 (1975), pp. 69-93; Wendell H. Bash, "Differential Fertility in Madison County, New York, 1865," Milbank Memorial Fund Quarterly, Vol. 33 No. 1 (1955), pp. 161-186; Bean, Lee L., Geraldine P. Mineau, and Douglas Anderton. 1990. Fertility Change on the American Frontier: Adaptation and Innovation. (Berkeley, CA: University of California Press); Paul David and Warren Sanderson, "Rudimentary Contraceptive Methods and the American Transition to Marital Fertility Control, 1855-1915," in Stanley L. Engerman and Robert E. Gallman, eds., Long-Term Factors in American Economic Growth (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1986), pp. 307-379; "The Emergence of a Two-Child Norm among American Birth Controllers," Population and Development Review, Vol. 13, No.1 (March, 1987), pp. 1-41.

(c). The Baby Boom and Baby Bust. Suggested readings: Richard A. Easterlin, Population, Labor Force, and Long Swings in Economic Growth: The American Experience (NY: National Bureau of Economic Research, 1968), chs. 4 & 5; Richard A. Easterlin, Birth and Fortune: The Impact of Numbers on Personal Welfare (NY: Basic Books, 1980); William P. Butz and Michael P. Ward, "The Emergence of Countercyclical U.S. Fertility," American Economic Review, Vol. 69, No. 3 (June, 1979), pp. 318-328; William P. Butz and Michael R. Ward, "Will U.S. Fertility Remain Low?" Population and Development Review, Vol. 5, No. 4 (Dec., 1979), pp. 663-688; Richard A. Easterlin, Christine M. Schaeffer, and Diane J. Macunovich, "Will the Baby Boomers Be Less Well Off Than Their Parents? Income, Wealth, and Family Circumstances over the Life Cycle in the United States," Population and Development Review, Vol. 19, No. 3 (Sept., 1993), pp. 497-522; Richard A. Easterlin, "What Will 1984 Be Like? Socioeconomic Implications of Recent Twists in Age Structure," Demography, Vol. 15, No. 4 (Nov., 1978), pp. 397-432.

4. HEALTH, MORTALITY, STANDARDS OF LIVING.

(a). McKEOWN AND HIS CRITICS. Suggested readings: Thomas McKeown, The Modern

Rise of Population (NY: Academic Press, 1976); Abdel Omran, "The Epidemiologic Transition: A Theory of the Epidemiology of Population Change," Milbank Memorial Fund Quarterly, Vol. 49, Part 1 (1973), pp. 509-538; Sheila Ryan Johansson, "Food for Thought: Rhetoric and Reality in Modern Mortality History," Historical Methods, Vol. 27 No. 3 (Summer, 1994), pp. 101-125.

(b). THE MORTALITY TRANSITION IN THE UNITED STATES. Suggested readings: Samuel H. Preston and Michael R. Haines, Fatal Years: Child Mortality in Late Nineteenth Century America (Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1991); Clayne L. Pope, "Adult Mortality in America before 1900: A View from Family Histories," in Claudia Goldin and Hugh Rockoff, eds., Strategic Factors in Nineteenth Century American Economic History: A Volume to Honor Robert W. Fogel (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1992), pp. 267-296; Stephen J. Kunitz, "Mortality Change in America, 1620-1920," Human Biology, Vol. 56, No.3 (Sept., 1984), pp. 559-582; Richard A. Easterlin, "Population Issues in American Economic History," pp. 132-139; Michael R. Haines, "The Use of Model Life Tables to Estimate Mortality for the United States in the Late Nineteenth Century," Demography, Vol. 16, No. 2 (May, 1979), pp. 289-312; Maris Vinovskis, "Mortality Rates and Trends in Massachusetts before 1860," Journal of Economic History, Vol. 32, No. 1 (March, 1972), pp. 184-213; Robert W. Fogel, "Nutrition and the Decline in Mortality since 1700: Some Preliminary Findings," in Stanley L. Engerman and Robert E. Gallman, eds., Long-Term Factors in American Economic Growth, pp. 439-555; Robert W. Fogel, "Nutrition and the Decline in Mortality since 1700: Some Additional Preliminary Findings," National Bureau of Economic Research, Working Paper No. 1802 (January, 1986); Robert Higgs, "Mortality in Rural America, 1870-1920: Estimates and Conjectures," Explorations in Economic History, Vol. 10, No. 2 (Winter, 1973), pp. 177-195; Edward Meeker, "The Improving Health of the United States, 1850-1915," Explorations in Economic History, Vol. 9, No. 4 (Summer, 1972), pp. 353-373; Gretchen Condran and Eileen Crimmins-Gardner, "Public Health Measures and Mortality in U.S. Cities in the Late Nineteenth Century," Human Ecology, Vol. 6, No. 1 (March, 1978), pp. 27-54; Higgs, Robert. 1979. "Cycles and Trends of Mortality in 18 Large American Cities, 1871-1900." Explorations in Economic History. Vol. 16, No. 4 (October). pp. 381-408; Gretchen A. Condran and Eileen Crimmins, "Mortality Differentials between Rural and Urban Areas of States in the Northeastern United States, 1890-1900," Journal of Historical Geography, Vol. 6, No. 2. (1980), pp. 179-202; Paul Uselding, "In Dispraise of Muckrakers: United States Occupational Mortality, 1890-1910," Research in Economic History, Vol. 1 (1976), pp. 334-371; Preston and Haines, Fatal Years, ch. 5; Douglas C. Ewbank and Samuel H. Preston, "Personal Health Behavior and the Decline of Infant and Child Mortality: the United States, 1900-1930," in John Caldwell, et al., What We Know About Health Transition: The Cultural, Social and Behavioral Determinants of Health Vol. I (Canberra: Health Transition Centre, Australian National University, 1990), pp. 116-149.

(c). PUBLIC HEALTH. Martin V. Melosi, The Sanitary City: Urban Infrastructure in America from Colonial Times to the Present (Baltimore: The Johns Hopkins University Press, 2000). John Duffy, The Sanitarians: A History of American Public Health (Urbana: University of Illinois Press, 1990); Louis P. Cain, "An Economic History of Urban Location and Sanitation," Research in Economic History, Vol. 2 (1977), pp. 337-389; Stuart Galishoff, "Triumph and Failure: The American Response to the Urban Water Supply Problem, 1860-1923," in Martin V. Melosi, ed., Pollution and Reform in American Cities, 1870-1930 (Austin, TX: University of Texas Press, 1980), pp. 35-57; Gretchen A. Condran and Rose A. Cheney, "Mortality Trends in Philadelphia: Age- and Cause-Specific Death Rates, 1870-1930," Demography, Vol. 19, No. 1 (February, 1982), pp. 97-123.

(d). ANTHROPOMETRY. Suggested readings: Richard Steckel, "Stature and Living Standards in the United States," in Robert E. Gallman and John Joseph Wallis, eds., American Economic Growth and Standards of Living before the Civil War (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1992), pp. 265-308; John Komlos, "The Height and Weight of West Point Cadets: Dietary Change in Antebellum America," Journal of Economic History, Vol. 47, No 4 (Dec., 1987), pp. 897-927; Kenneth L. Sokoloff and Georgia C. Villaflor, "The Early Achievement of Modern Stature in America," Social Science History, Vol. 6 (1982), pp. 453-481; Richard H. Steckel, "Height and Per Capita Income," Historical Methods, Vol. 16 (1983), pp. 1-7; Robert A. Margo and Richard H. Steckel, "The Heights of American Slaves: New Evidence on Slave Nutrition and Health," Social Science History, Vol. 6 (1982), pp. 516-538; Robert A. Margo and Richard H. Steckel, "Heights of Native-Born Whites during the Antebellum Period," Journal of Economic History, Vol. 43, No. 1 (March, 1983), pp. 167-174; Robert W. Fogel, et. al., "Secular Changes in American and British Stature and Nutrition," Journal of Interdisciplinary History, Vol. 14 (1983), pp. 445-481.

(e). HEALTH & MORBIDITY. Suggested readings: Dora L. Costa and Richard H. Steckel, "Long Term Trends in Health, Welfare, and Economic Growth in the United States," in Richard H. Steckel and Roderick Floud, eds., Health and Welfare during Industrialization (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1997), pp. 47-90. Dora L. Costa, ed. Health and Labor Force Participation Over the Life Cycle: Evidence from the Past (Chicago, University of Chicago Press, 2003). James C. Riley, Sickness, Recovery and Death: A history and Forecast of Ill Health (Iowa City, IA: University of Iowa Press, 1990); Richard H. Steckel, "The Health and Mortality of Women and Children, 1850-1860," Journal of Economic History, Vol. 48, No. 2 (June, 1988), pp. 333-345; James C. Riley, "Disease Without Death: New Sources for a History of Sickness," Journal of Interdisciplinary History, Vol. 17 (1987), pp. 537-563.

5. SLAVE DEMOGRAPHY. Suggested readings: Richard H. Steckel, "The African American Population of the United States, 1790-1920," in Michael R. Haines and Richard H. Steckel, eds., A Population History of North America (NY: Cambridge University Press, 2000), pp. 433-482. Richard H. Steckel, "The Fertility of American Slaves," Research in Economic History, Vol. 7 (1982), pp. 239-286; Russell R. Menard, "The Maryland Slave Population, 1658 to 1730: A Demographic Profile of Blacks in Four Counties," William and Mary Quarterly, 3rd Series, Vol. 32 (1975), pp. 29-54; Richard H. Steckel, "A Peculiar Population: The Nutrition, Health, and Mortality of American Slaves from Childhood to Maturity," Journal of Economic History, Vol 46, No. 3 (Sept., 1986), pp. 721-741; Richard H. Steckel, "A Dreadful Childhood: Excess Mortality of American Slaves," Social Science History, Vol. 10, No. 4 (Winter, 1986), pp. 427-465.

6. MIGRATION AND MOBILITY.

(a). INTERNATIONAL MIGRATION. Suggested readings: Malwyn Allen Jones, American Immigration, 2nd ed., (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1992); Henry A. Gemery, "European Emigration to North America, 1700-1820: Numbers and Quasi-Numbers," Perspectives in American History, New Series I (NY: Cambridge University Press, 1984), pp. 283-342; Peter D. McClelland and Richard J. Zeckhauser, Demographic Dimensions of the New Republic: American Interregional Migration, Vital Statistics, and Manumissions, 1800-1860 (NY: Cambridge University Press, 1982); Simon Kuznets, "Long Swings in the Growth of Population and in Related Economic Variables," Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society, Vol. 102 (1958), pp. 25-52; John Bodnar, The Transplanted: A History of Immigrants in Urban America (Bloomington, IN: Indiana University Press, 1985); J.D. Gould, "European Inter-Continental Emigration, 1815-1914: Patterns and Causes," Journal of European Economic History, Vol. 8, No. 3

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(b). INTERNAL MIGRATION. Suggested readings: Joseph P. Ferrie, Immigrants in the Anebellum United States, 1840-1860 (NY: Oxford University Press, 1999). John W. Adams and Alice Bee Kasakoff, "Migration and the Family in Colonial New England: The View from Genealogies," Journal of Family History, Vol. 9, No. 1 (Spring, 1984), pp. 24-42; Richard Steckel, "The Economic Foundations of East-West Migration during the 19th Century," Explorations in Economic History, Vol 20, No. 1 (January, 1983), pp. 14-36; Morton Owen Schapiro, Filling Up America: An Economic-Demographic Model of Population Growth and Distribution in the Nineteenth-Century United States (Greenwich, CT: JAI Press, 1986); Richard Steckel, "Household Migration and Rural Settlement in the United States, 1850-1860," Explorations in Economic History, Vol. 26, No. 2 (April, 1989), pp. 190-218 and David W. Galenson and Clayne L. Pope, "Economic and Geographic Mobility on the Farming Frontier: Evidence from Appanoose County, Iowa, 1850-1870," Journal of Economic History, Vol. 49, No. 3 (Sept., 1989), pp. 635-656.

(c). MOBILITY STUDIES. Suggested readings: Stephen Thernstrom, Poverty and Progress: Social Mobility in a Nineteenth-Century City (Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 1964); Stephen Thernstrom, The Other Bostonians: Poverty and Progress in the American Metropolis, 1880-1970 (Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 1973); Stephen Thernstrom and Peter R. Knights, "Men in Motion: Some Data and Speculations about Urban Population Mobility in Nineteenth-Century America," Journal of Interdisciplinary History, Vol. 1 (1970), pp. 7-35; Clyde Griffen and Sally Griffen, Natives and Newcomers: The Ordering of Opportunity in Mid-Nineteenth Century Poughkeepsie (Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 1978); Howard M. Gitelman, Workingmen of Waltham: Mobility in American Urban Industrial Development, 1850-1890 (Baltimore: The Johns Hopkins University Press, 1974); Hartmut Kaelble, Historical Research on Social Mobility: Western Europe and the USA in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Centuries (New York: Columbia University Press, 1981); Donald Parkerson, "How Mobile Were Nineteenth-Century Americans?" Historical Methods, Vol. 15, No. 3 (Summer, 1982), pp. 99-109; Edward Pessen, ed., Three Centuries of Social Mobility in America (Lexington, MA: D.C. Heath & Co., 1974); David W. Galenson and Clayne L. Pope, "Economic and Geographic Mobility on the Farming Frontier: Evidence from Appanoose County, Iowa, 1850-1870," Journal of Economic History, Vol. 49, No. 3 (Sept., 1989), pp. 635-656 and "Precedence and Wealth: Evidence from Nineteenth-Century Utah," in Goldin and Rockoff, Strategic Factors in Nineteenth Century American Economic History, pp. 225-242.

D. CANADA. Suggested readings: Marvin McInnis, "Childbearing and Land Availability: Some Evidence from Individual Household Data," in Ronald Demos Lee, ed.,

Population Patterns in the Past (New York: Academic Press, 1977), pp. 201-227; R.M. McInnis, "The Fall in Fertility in Nineteenth Century Canada," Paper presented at the IUSSP Conference on the Peopling of the Americas, Veracruz, Mexico, May, 1992; R.M. McInnis, "Infant Mortality in Nineteenth Century Canada," Paper presented at the IUSSP Conference on Child and Infant Mortality in the Past, Montreal, Canada, October, 1992.

E. AMERINDIAN DEMOGRAPHY. Suggested readings: C. Matthew Snipp, American Indians: The First of this Land (NY: Russell Sage Foundation, 1989); Russell Thornton, American Indian Holocaust and Survival: A Population History since 1492 (Norman, OK: University of Oklahoma Press, 1987); Russell Thornton, and Joan Marsh Thornton, "Estimating Prehistoric American Indian Population Size for United States Area: Implications of the Nineteenth Century Population Decline and Nadir," American Journal of Physical Anthropology, Vol. 55 (1981), pp. 47-53; Paul Stuart, Nations within a Nation: Historical Statistics of American Indians (NY: Greenwood Press, 1987).

V. AMERICAN LABOR HISTORY.

A. The Colonial Period. Suggested Readings: David Galenson, "The Settlement and Growth of the Colonies: Population, Labor, and Economic Development," in Stanley L. Engerman and Robert E. Gallman, eds., The Cambridge Economic History of the United States, Vol. I "The Colonial Period" (NY: Cambridge University Press, 1996, pp. 135-208. David Galenson, White Servitude in Colonial America: An Economic Analysis (Cambridge, Eng.: Cambridge University Press, 1981). David Galenson, "The Rise and Fall of Indentured Servitude in the Americas: An Economic Analysis," The Journal of Economic History, Vol. 44, No. 1 (1984), pp. 1-26. John J. McCusker and Russell R. Menard, The Economic of British America, 1607-1789 (Chapel Hill, NC: University of North Carolina Press, 1985), chs. 10-11. Jackson Turner Main, Society and Economy in Colonial Connecticut (Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1985), chs. 5-8. Russell Menard, "From Servants to Slaves: The Transformation of the Chesapeake Labor System," Southern Studies (1977), pp. 355-390. Ian M.G. Quimby, ed., The Craftsman in Early America (NY: W.W. Norton, 1984). Philip S. Foner, Labor and the American Revolution (Westport, CT: Greenwood Press, 1976).

B. The Ante-Bellum Period.

(1) Case Study: Lynn, Massachusetts. Alan Dawley, Class and Community: The Industrial Revolution in Lynn (Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 1976). Paul G. Faler, Mechanics and Manufacturers in the Early Industrial Revolution: Lynn, Massachusetts, 1780-1860 (Albany, NY: S.U.N.Y. Press, 1981).

(2) Case Study: The Lowell System. Thomas Dublin, Women at Work: The Transformation of Work and Community in Lowell, Massachusetts, 1826-1860 (NY: Columbia University Press, 1979).

(3) Case Study: New York City. Sean Wilentz, New York City and the Rise of the American Working Class, 1788-1850 (NY: Oxford University Press, 1984).

(4) Robert A. Margo, Wages and Labor Markets in the United States, 1820-1860 (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 2000).

C. Industrial America.

General: Robert A. Margo, "The Labor Force in the Nineteenth Century," in Stanley L. Engerman and Robert E. Gallman, eds., The Cambridge Economic History of the United States, Vol. II "The Long Nineteenth Century" (NY: Cambridge University Press, 2000), pp. 207-244. Claudia Goldin, "The Labor Force in the Twentieth Century," Stanley L. Engerman and Robert E. Gallman, eds., The Cambridge Economic History of the United

States, Vol. III "The Twentieth Century" (NY: Cambridge University Press, 2000), pp. 549-624.

(a) Case Study: The Railroads. Walter Licht, Working for the Railroad: The Organization of Work in the Nineteenth Century (Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1983).

(b) Case Study: The Steel Industry. David Brody, Steelworkers in America: The Nonunion Era (Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 1960).

(c) Case Study: The Automobile Industry. (i) Joyce Shaw Peterson, American Automobile Workers, 1900-1933 (Albany, NY: S.U.N.Y. Press, 1987). (ii) Henry Ford and the Five Dollar Day. Stephen Meyer III, The Five Dollar Day: Labor Management and Social Control in the Ford Motor Company, 1908-1921 (Albany, NY: S.U.N.Y. Press, 1981). Daniel M.G. Raff, "Wage Determination and the Five-Dollar Day at Ford," The Journal of Economic History, Vol. 48, No. 2 (June, 1988), pp. 387-400. Daniel M.G. Raff and Lawrence Summers, "Did Henry Ford Pay Efficiency Wages?" Journal of Labor Economics, Vol. 5, No. 4, Part 2 (October, 1987), pp. S57-S86. (iii) Sidney Fine, Sit-Down: The General Motors Strike of 1936-1937 (Ann Arbor: The University of Michigan Press, 1969).

(d) The Company Town. Daniel J. Walkowitz, Worker City, Company Town: Iron and Cotton-Worker Protest in Troy and Cohoes, New York, 1855-84 (Urbana, IL: University of Illinois Press, 1978).

(e) The Southern Industrial System. Cathy L. McHugh, Mill Family: The Labor System in the Southern Cotton Textile Industry, 1880-1915 (NY: Oxford University Press).

(e) Early Industry. (i) Jonathan Prude, The Coming of Industrial Order: Town and Factory Life in Rural Massachusetts, 1810-1860 (Cambridge, Eng.: Cambridge University Press, 1983). (ii) Anthony F.C. Wallace, Rockdale: The Growth of an American Village in the Early Industrial Revolution (NY: Knopf, 1982).

(4) Women in the Labor Force. (i) Claudia Goldin, Understanding the Gender Gap: An Economic History of American Women (NY: Oxford University Press, 1990). (ii) Alice Kessler-Harris, Out to Work: A History of Wage-Earning Women in the United States (NY: Oxford University Press, 1982). (iii) Leslie Woodcock Tentler, Wage-Earning Women: Industrial Work and Family Life in the United States, 1900-1930 (NY: Oxford University Press, 1979).

(5) Worker Control and Scientific Management. (i) David Montgomery, Workers' Control in America: Studies in the History of Work, Technology, and Labor Struggles (Cambridge, Eng.: Cambridge University Press, 1979). (ii) Daniel Nelson, Frederick W. Taylor and the Rise of Scientific Management (Madison, WI: The University of Wisconsin Press, 1980).

(6) Unemployment. (i) Alexander Keyssar, Out of Work: The First Century of Unemployment in Massachusetts (Cambridge, Eng.: Cambridge University Press, 1986). (ii) Daniel Nelson, Unemployment Insurance: The American Experience, 1915-1935 (Madison, WI: University of Wisconsin Press,).

(7) Labor Radicalism. (i) Melvyn Dubofsky, We Shall Be All: A History of the IWW (Chicago: 1969). (ii) Alan Derickson, Workers' Health, Workers' Democracy: The Western Miners' Struggle, 1891-1925 (Ithaca, NY: Cornell University Press, 1988).

(8) Work and Culture. Herbert Gutman, Work, Culture, and Society in Industrializing America: Essays in American Working Class and Social History (NY: Knopf, 1976).

(9) The Decline of Unions Since the 1950s. (i) Richard S. Freeman and James L. Medoff, What Do Unions Do? (NY: Basic Books, 1984). (ii) Michael Goldfield, The Decline of Organized Labor in the United States (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1987). (iii) Henry S. Farber, "The Decline of Unionization in the United States: What Can Be Learned From Recent Experience?" Journal of Labor Economics, Vol. 8, No. 1, Part 2 (January, 1990), pp. S75-S105.

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